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Of land birds I found the following, all evidently breeding: Kingbird, Northern Raven, Crow, Cowbird, Savannah Sparrow, White-throated Sparrow, Slate-colored Junco, Song Sparrow, Barn Swallow, Tree Swallow, Yellow, Myrtle and Black-poll Warblers, Maryland Yellow-throat, Redstart, Winter Wren, Acadian Chickadee, Bicknell's and Olive-backed Thrushes and Robin.

Black-poll Warblers were abundant. I found only two Olive-backed Thrushes. Bicknell's Thrush was very common in the low spruce woods. Its song always suggests to me the song of the Veery but it is more thin and wiry, as if it were played on the strings of a zither. I found the bird very tame, and I frequently watched it from a distance of five or six yards.

Mr. John Crowell, the keeper of the light for many years, and his elder daughter, Mrs. Bernice Meredith, have taken great interest in the birds of the island and their conservation, and have made a small collection of specimens which they have mounted. Among these the following are worthy of record: Purple Gallinule, Saw-whet Owl, Long-eared Owl, Mourning Dove, Black-billed Cuckoo, Scarlet Tanager and Summer Tanager. It is to be hoped that the island will be made a Bird Reservation by the Provincial Government.—CHARLES W. TOWNSEND, 98 *Pinckney St., Boston, Mass.*

**Some Summer Residents of Dutchess County, N. Y.**—With a view to listing the resident species for Dutchess County, N. Y., and with the purpose of eventually making a zone map of these birds, the writers spent June 12, 25 to 29, and July 11 and 13, 1920, in the eastern part of the county and found conditions very different from those existing in the lower altitudes along the Hudson River. This was especially true with regard to the Mnioiltidae.

At Whaley's Lake (altitude 690 feet) in the southeastern part of the county and not more than sixty miles from New York City, we found two Bald Eagles—one fully mature bird and an immature specimen. They were seen several times flying to and from Mulkin's Hill (1200 feet) but a search failed to reveal any nest. Mr. Eaton, in 'Birds of New York,' mentions the Bald Eagle as breeding at "Whelby Pond," and it is thought that this place is undoubtedly meant.

On Niggerbush Mountain (1810 feet), near Mt. Riga Station, in the extreme northeastern corner of the county, another Eagle in dark plumage was observed.

The Warblers were especially numerous about Whaley's Lake. On about one acre of scrubby growth on the easterly slope of Mulkin's Hill at an altitude of about nine hundred feet the following were observed: Black and White, Worm-eating, Blue-winged, Golden-winged, Nashville, Chestnut-sided, Ovenbird, Maryland Yellow-throat, Canada and Redstart. About a hundred feet higher a fine Brewster's Warbler was discovered and in a swamp on the summit a Water-Thrush, presumed to be

the Louisiana, was heard scolding. Near the lake shore, at seven hundred feet, were the Yellow Warbler and Yellow-breasted Chat.

On the east side of Whaley's Lake, opposite Mulkin's Hill, where a number of hemlocks grow, the Black-throated Blue and Black-throated Green Warblers were found. These two species were, however, much more common in Turkey Hollow, in the north-eastern part of the county, and were usually met with at an altitude of about eight hundred to a thousand feet, the Black-throated Green only when there were plenty of hemlocks about.

In the Harlem Valley, between Pawling and Wingdale, on the banks of Swamp River, less than five hundred feet above sea level, a Brown Creeper was found singing both on June 27 and July 11.

On top of the Niggerbush, mentioned above, no less than five Hermit Thrushes were found singing.

The following species have therefore been added to our list of probable breeding species in this county:

Bald Eagle, one pair and one individual.

Blue-winged Warbler, one male and one fledged young.

Brewster's Warbler, one male.

Nashville Warbler, four males and one female.

Black-throated Blue Warbler, fifteen males, several females and young.

Black-throated Green Warbler, twelve males.

Canada Warbler, twelve males and several females.

Brown Creeper, one male.

Hermit Thrush, five males.

ALLEN FROST AND MAUNSELL S. CROSBY. *Rhinebeck, N. Y.*

**Bird Notes from Collins, N. Y.**—A male Cerulean Warbler (*Dendroica cerulea*) appeared here on May 16, 1920, the first one to be recorded for seven years.

During February two Northern Pilated Woodpeckers (*Phloeotomus pileatus abieticola*) visited the hospital woods, the first record for the species. White-winged Crossbills (*Loxia leucoptera*) were present during February and until March 3. Cardinals (*Cardinalis c. cardinalis*) continue to be seen every year on the Cattaraugus Reservation, seven being the greatest number observed in a single season.

A female Red-bellied Woodpecker (*Centurus carolinus*) was recorded May 9, the first since the winter of 1916-17, when one was reported two miles from here.

There was at no time a great wave of migration during the spring and many species usually seen were absent or extremely scarce.—DR. ANNE E. PERKINS, *Gowanda State Hospital, Collins, N. Y.*

**Additions to the "Birds of Allegany and Garrett Counties, Maryland."**—In Volume XXI of 'The Auk,' pp. 234-250, I published a list of birds bearing the above title, adding several species from time to time,